

#### **Food Summit 2024**

**Closing Remarks** 





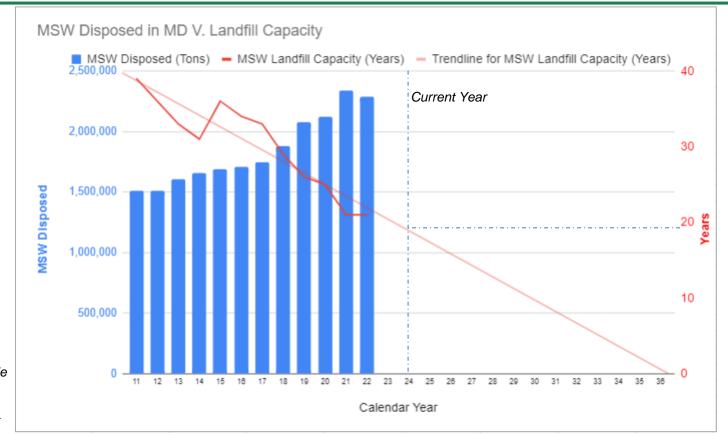
#### **Bradley Baker, Program Manager**

**Resource Management Program** 





### Where we are Today – 21 years



\*\*\*Data from table C1 in Maryland Solid Waste and Diversion Report



## MD Waste Stream Makeup \*\*\*2016

Figure ES-2 Maryland Statewide Waste Composition and Quantities Disposed (tons)

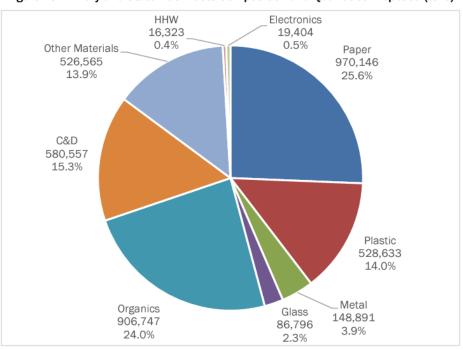
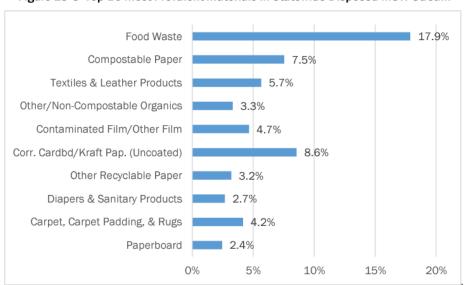


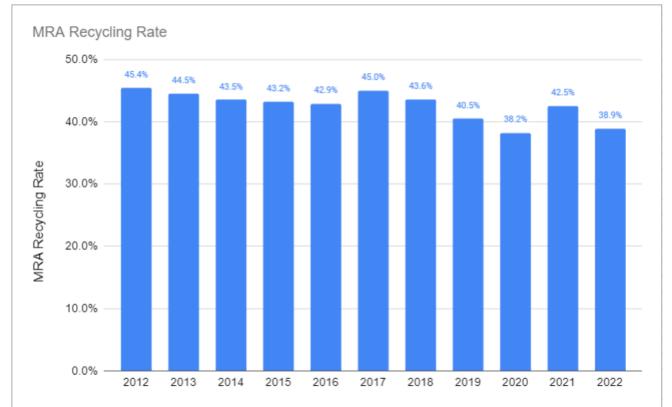
Figure ES-3 Top 10 Most Prevalent Materials in Statewide Disposed MSW Stream



<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Data from 2016 MD Waste Characterization Study



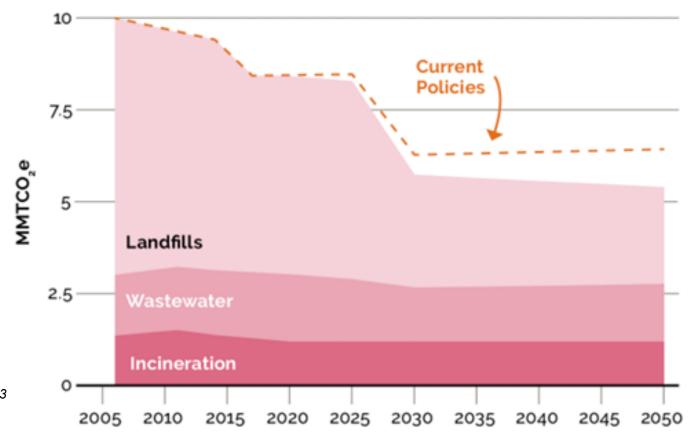
# Recycling in MD



Organics
Recycling Law
Requirements
Started in 2023

\*\*\*Data from Figure 4 in Maryland Solid Waste and Diversion Report

Figure 9: Maryland's waste sector GHG emissions trends, historical and projected, from 2006 to 2050 based on current and new policies



\*\*\*Data from MD's 2023 Climate Pollution Reduction Plan



## Federal Support for Food Recovery

#### **Donation Protection Law**

#### BILL EMERSON GOOD SAMARITAN FOOD DONATION ACT

<u>Passed 1996</u> - Encourage donation of food and grocery products to non-profit organizations for distribution to individuals in need. This law:

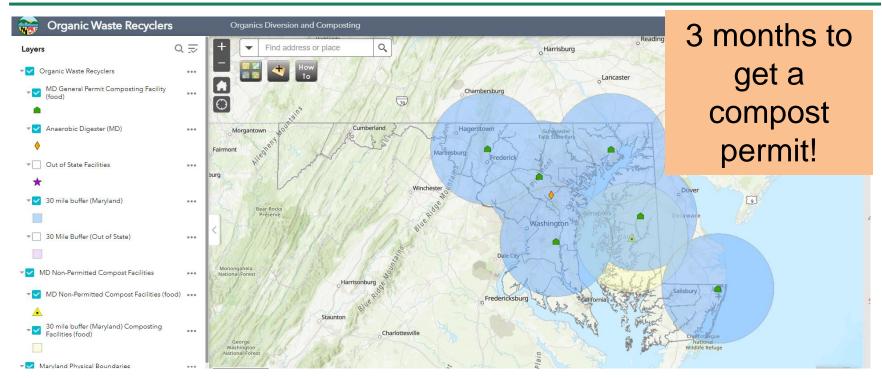
- · Protects donor from liability when donating to a non-profit organization;
- Protects donor from civil and criminal liability should the product donated in good faith later cause harm to the recipient;
- Standardizes donor liability exposure. Donor or donor legal counsel do not need to investigate liability laws in 50 states; and
- Sets a floor of "gross negligence" or intentional misconduct for persons who donate grocery products. According
  to the new law, gross negligence is defined as "voluntary and conscious conduct by a person with knowledge (at
  the time of conduct) that the conduct likely to be harmful to the health or well-being of another person."

Revised 2022 - Updated liability protections to include donations of an apparently fit grocery product or apparently wholesome food

- For which the recipient is charged a good Samaritan reduced price that is no greater than the cost of handling, administering, harvesting, processing, packaging, transporting, and distributing the food or product; or
- That is donated directly to a needy individual at zero cost by a retail grocer, wholesaler, agricultural producer, agricultural processor, agricultural distributor, restaurant, caterer, school food authority, or institution of higher education.



# Organics Recycling in MD



More coming soon!



#### Follow up

 This QR code directs to MDE's dedicated Food Summit page. Includes previous summit slide decks as well.

 Learn more about the Food System Resiliency Council and programs by visiting <u>here</u>.

Learn more about Recycling
 Market Development,
 Composting, and other Waste
 Diversion programs here.